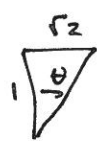


$$1) (x, y, z) = (1, 1, 1) \rightarrow (r, z, \phi) = (\sqrt{2}, 1, 45^\circ)$$

$$\rightarrow (r, \theta, \phi) = (\sqrt{3}, \theta, 45^\circ)$$

$$2) \vec{A} = (xy, 2yz, 3zx) \Big|_{1,1,1} \\ = (1, 2, 3)$$

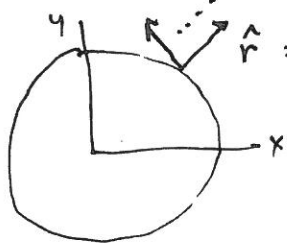


$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = 45^\circ$$

$$z = r \cos \theta \rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{r}\right)$$

$$1 \quad \sqrt{3} \quad \theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = 54.7^\circ$$

in cylinder $\hat{e}_\theta = (-\sin \theta, \cos \theta, 0)$



$$\hat{r} = (\cos \theta, \sin \theta, 0)$$

$$\vec{C} = \frac{1}{r} (\cos \theta, \sin \theta, 0) + r (-\sin \theta, \cos \theta, 0)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{r} \cos \theta - r \sin \theta, \frac{1}{r} \sin \theta + r \cos \theta, 0 \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0 \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2} - 1, 1 + \frac{1}{2}, 0 \right) = \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 0 \right)$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\sin \theta}{r} \hat{\theta} = \frac{\sin \theta}{r} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}/3}{\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} \right)$$

$$\hat{\phi} \times \hat{r} = \begin{pmatrix} -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta \cos \theta & \sin \theta \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (\cos \theta \cos \theta, \cos \theta \sin \theta, -\sin \theta)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

$$3): \begin{pmatrix} i & j & k \\ \partial_x & \partial_y & \partial_z \\ xy & 2yz & 3zx \end{pmatrix} = (-2y, -3z, -x)$$

$$\leftarrow \frac{r \sin \theta}{r} \Rightarrow \theta$$

B: only $F_\theta \neq 0$

$$\nabla \times B = \hat{e}_\theta \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial (r F_\theta)}{\partial r} = 0$$

C: $F_r = \frac{1}{r}$ $F_\theta = r$
 $F_\phi = 0$

$$\nabla \times C = \hat{k} \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial (r F_\theta)}{\partial r} = \hat{k} \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial (r^2)}{\partial r} = \hat{k} 2$$

$$4) \quad \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = y + 2z + 3x$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{r} \right) = \frac{2}{r^2} \cos \theta$$

$$B_r \neq B_\theta = 0$$

$$B_\theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{r}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{C} = \hat{k} \frac{1}{r} \partial_r (r C_\phi) = \hat{k} \frac{1}{r} \partial_r (r^2) = 2$$

$$C_z = 0$$

$$C_r = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$C_\phi = r$$