Consider the following three vector fields in (respectively) rectangular, spherical, and cylindrical coordinates:

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\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{A}=(x y) \hat{\mathbf{i}}+(2 y z) \hat{\mathbf{j}}+(3 z x) \hat{\mathbf{k}} \\
& \mathbf{B}=\frac{\sin \theta}{r} \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \\
& \mathbf{C}=\frac{1}{r} \hat{\mathbf{r}}+r \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}
\end{aligned}
$$

1. Report the values of $r, \theta, \phi$ (spherical) for the point $(x, y, z)=(1,1,1)$. Report the values of $r, z, \phi$ (cylindrical) for the point $(x, y, z)=(1,1,1)$. Note: $r$ means different things in spherical and cylindrical coordinates.
2. Find the $x, y$, and $z$ components of the three vectors $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{C}$ at the point $(x, y, z)=(1,1,1)$. Note: You will need to determine the components of, for example, $\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$.
3. Calculate the curl of the above three vector fields
4. Calculate the divergence of the above three vector fields.

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